Impact of Tourism on Economic Development of Rajasthan

Introduction :

Tourism

Tourism is a most desirable human activity; which is capable of changing the socio-cultural, economic and environmental face of the World. Tourism is one of the largest and fast growing industries in the world; it has the potential to influence the living pattern of communities. It is one of the most important channels of cultural exchange which breaks down the barriers between people of different parts of the world. It is the collection of activities, services and industries that deliver a travel experience including transportation, accommodation, eating and drinking, establishments of retail shops, entertainment, business and other hospitality services provided for individuals or groups of travelling away from home.

Tourism Industry

Tourism has emerged as a key sector of the world economy and has become a major workforce in global trade. It has been making a revolutionary and significant impact on the world economic scenario. Tourism has been identified as the major export industry in the world. The multifaceted nature of this industry makes it a catalyst to economic development and helps balanced regional development. It is a low capital, labour intensive industry with economic multiplier and offers opportunity to earn foreign exchange at low social cost. Tourism industry acts as a powerful agent of

both economic and social changes. It stimulates employment and investment, alters structure of an economy, significant contribution toward foreign exchange earnings and maintaining favorable balance of payment. The money spent by the tourist in a country is turned over several times in the process; the total income earned from tourism is a number of times more than actual spending. The multiplier effect of tourism receipts is completely recognized as spreading to secondary and tertiary sectors of an economy.The World Tourism Organization (WTO) defines tourists as people "traveling to and staying in places outside their usual environment for not more than one consecutive year for leisure, business and other purposes".

Tourism Development

Tourism is expected to continue to expand because people find more time for travel and leisure and also the underdeveloped and developed countries promote tourism as a means of generating foreign exchange, increasing employment opportunities and attracting development capital. Today tourism is the largest service industry in India, with a contribution of 6.23% to the national GDP and providing 8.78% of the total employment. India witnesses more than 5 million annual foreign tourist arrivals and 562 million domestic tourism visits. The tourism industry in India generated about US$100 billion in 2008 and that is expected to increase to US$275.5 billion by 2018 at a 9.4% annual growth rate. The Ministry of Tourism is the nodal agency for the development and promotion of tourism in India and maintains the ***"Incredible India"*** campaign.

Rajasthan's Tourism Industry

Tourism industry in Rajasthan is a vital breath in the economic activity. Tourism has direct and indirect impact on financial, social and cultural life of people. This industry is considered as leisure industry with many economic benefits like foreign exchange earnings, regional development, promotion of local handicrafts and artisans, infrastructure development and increasing standard of living. Tourism has been accorded the status of industry in India during the 7^{th} plan.The role of state has become crucial in the promotion of tourism industry especially in terms of the contribution of the tourism industry to foreign exchange earnings and its creation of employment opportunities in spite of huge tourist resources .India has a very insignificant share of 0.56 % of the world tourist arrivals.Tourism has a significant multiplier effect on the economy it is estimated that every rupees spent by tourist changes hands 13 times and every hotel room generates direct employment to three persons and indirect employment to eight persons in Rajasthan. Tourism is the third largest employer after agriculture and textile sector. Rajasthan is an Indian state with tremendous religious and cultural heritage and contains a large number of historic and architectural monuments and vast reserve of natural flora and fauna the geographical location and climate of the state is unique in India.The golden triangle of Jaipur ,Agra and Delhi provides boost to tourism in Rajasthan.

TYPES OF TOURISM IN RAJASTHAN :

- HERITAGE TOURISM
- SPIRITUAL TOURISM
- CULTURAL TOURISM
- WILDLIFE AND ECO TOURISM
- DESERT TOURISM
- MICE TOURISM
- ADVENTURE TOURISM

Review of literature :

(Sapna and Kakkar,2012) Tourism is a majordriver of economic growth globally India's tourism industry is experiencing a strong period of growth driven by the burgeoning Indian middle classgrowth and high spending foreign tourist and coordinated government campaigns to promote 'Incredible India'.**(Upadhayay ,Awasthi and Rawal, 2017)** foreign tourist arrivals have increased in India in the studied period due to which the income from foreign tourist have also increased and the contribution of tourism industry also rose. **(Vedapradha, Hari and Asif,2017)**the tourism industry is one of the most important chapters in economic development in India there is a show that there is a significant relationship between GDP and tourism in Indian economy. **(Auckland,2018)** the article demonstrates the variety of ways in which Hindu pilgrimage becomes ever more entangled with domestic tourism and the potential for new research angles this entanglement generates.**(Arora and Sharma, 2015)** the potential of tourism of Rajasthan is yet to be tapped fully this requires combination of a force on both policy making and marketing side the basic infrastructure Road rail and air connectivity needs to be strengthened. **(Jeganathan,2014)** tourism in India has experienced huge growth in the last decade major sources of this growth was the rise in foreign tourist arrival and enormous rise in the number of domestic tourists. **(Akihito,2017)**there are major benefits that can be expected from the influx of tourists provided they are improvements in the access roads that connect major Highways with lodging accommodations.**(Kunbhar,2015)** there are 10 important states in India where foreign tourist visits was it 89.9% in 2013 and India's share in world market of travel and tourism has also increased from 165 % to 1. 59 percent during the period of 1997-2013. **(Mir,2014)**Indian tourism industry emerged as an important instrument in economic development of Indian economy due to its strong backward and forward linkages it generates employment in different profiles. **(Malik,2014)** the Indian tourism sector needs an urgent image makeover and higher investment in development growth and infrastructure including through public private partnership model to capitalize on opportunities provided by overall growth in world tourist arrivals. **(Ohlan,2017)** tourism sector is witnessing a shortage of talent in India to achieve the desired growth in the sector the country needs to execute policies that advance enthusiastic and prudent talent management particularly in human capital development.**(Berwal, 2017)** tourism can generate employment opportunities for the local people and plays a vital role in the economic development of the studied region. **(Vijayaragavan,2014)** tourism sector plays a vital role in the way of helping poor countries to provide employment opportunities in an increasing rate it is one of the important foreign exchange earning industry it manifested great potential of growth under liberalised Indian economy. **(Choudhary and Yadav,2018)** tourism as a triadic composition of

social natural and the cultural phenomenon which is emerging as the world's largest employment generating industry the total number of foreign tourist arrivals in the state has increased it showed an increasing trend except few years during the study period. **(Shiji, 2016)** Indian tourism has a vast potential for generating employment and foreign exchange earnings it is a multidimensional and service oriented industry so all sectors should actively participate for its sustainable growth. **(Mir,2014)** Owing to the growth of tourism industry in J&K economic parameters like employment income infrastructure and competition will improve leading to the entry of new products in the market and thus resulting in better services and more satisfaction to the people. **(Jaswal, 2014)** all wings of Central and state governments non public sector and voluntary organisation should go hand in hand with commercial Enterprises for providing positive stimulus to the countries for economic and social development by tourism. **(Kuang and Tsai, 2016)** the study concluded in favour of allocating more resources to the tourist sector with the aim of obtaining increasing levels of income. **(Bashir,2018)**there is a one way relationship between the number of tourist and economic growth by investment has a two-way relationship with economic growth. **(Petreveska, 2013)** the study in emphasized tourism contributes to Macedonian economy and might be classified as important industry principally when compared to the average figures of tourism trends in other European region.

Table No. 1 : Reviewed Papers/Articles

Author Name	Title	Study objective / Study Description	Geographical Area	Research Methodology	Conclusion/ Findings
Kakkar,L.Sapna. (2012)	Impact of Tourism on Indian economy	To examine the impact of India's economic growth on tourism, contributors to economic growth and role of tourism industry in India's GDP	India	The whole studies based on secondary data which is collected from various journals, reports, newspaper articles, official Government websites etc.	Tourism is a major driver of economic growth globally India's tourism industry is experiencing a strong period of growth given by the burgeoning Indian middle class growth in high spending foreign tourist and coordinated government

					campaigns to promote Incredible India
Upadhyay,S., Awasthi,A.,Rawal,P. (2017)	A comparative study on foreign tourist arrivals in India	To study the trend of foreign tourist arrival and their respective earnings in various states and union territories and to analyse the recent policy measure of government towards tourism sector.	India	This papers based on secondary data information furnished by government bodies department and councils regarding the foreign tourist arrivals and earnings (INR).	Foreign tourist arrivals have increased in India in the studied period so the income from foreign tourist increased and the contribution of tourism industry is expected to rise to 7. 6 % of GDP by 2025
V.R., H.R., N.A. (2017)	Indian tourism industry – a yardstick to GDP	To study the Indian tourism industry and to analyse the impact of the tourism industry on GDP.	India	Studies empirical in nature and mainlyi based on secondary data which was collected for a period of 10 years (2006-2015) from Ministry of Tourism websites and Indian statistics database	The tourism industry is one of the most important factors in the economic development in India the result shows that there is a significant relationship between GDP and tourism in Indian economy
Auckland.K. (2018)	At the Confluence of leisure and devotion : Hindu pilgrimage and domestic tourism in India	The study of the tourism pilgrimage interplay is organised in three themesi.e. the presence of various tourist mediators	India	The whole research work isextensively based on available literature and secondary sources.	The article demonstrates the variety of ways in which Hindu pilgrimage become even more entangled with domestic tourism and the potential for

		such as travel agencies, hotels.			new research angles this entanglement generates
Arora,S., Sharma, A (2015)	The impact of events on Rajasthan Tourism with reference to different fairs and festivals	To critically assess the opportunities to promote Rajasthan as a tourist destination and to evaluate the present tourism promotion system and the government policies of Rajasthan Tourism.	Rajasthan, India	Primary research is conducted in four main tourist places Jaipur Jodhpur Jaisalmer and Udaipur sample size is taken 200 tourist visit in Rajasthan and secondary research is also conducted from various journals articles websitesetc	The potential of tourism of Rajasthan is yet to be tapped fully this requires combination of efforts on both policy making and marketing side the basic infrastructure Road rail and air connectivity needs to be strengthened.
Jeganathan, G.S. (2014)	Growth drivers of tourism industry in India	This paper aims to analsethe factors which have been act as growth drivers of tourism in India with the help of available data.	India	Data presented in the study have been collected from government reports published articles and government websites.	Tourism in India has experienced huge growth in the last decade major source of this growth was from foreign tourist arrival and enormous rise in the number of domestic tourist
Akihito,N. (2017)	Development of tourism in The Tourist Industry in India : A case study of Uttarakhand	This paper aims to clarify the regional characteristics of the development of tourism accompanying economic growth in	Uttarakhand, India	This paper is basically based on secondary data sources.	There are major benefits that can be expected from the influx of tourist provided there are improvements in the excess roads that

		India and The Tourist Industry using development in the Kumaon region of Uttarakhand			connect major Highways with lodging accommodations
Kumbhar,V.M.(2015)	Growth and performance of tourism industry in India	This paper is mostly based on secondary data sources which is collected from reports of Ministry of Tourism Government of India 2014 Indian tourism statistics and other related journals	India	This paper is mostly based on secondary data sources which is collected from reports of Ministry of Tourism, Government of India 2014, Indian tourism statistics and other related journals.	There are 10 important states in India where foreign tourist visit was 89. 9 percent in 2013 and India's share in world market of travel and tourism has also increased from 0. 65% 1. 59 person during the period of 1997 to 2013
Mir,L.A. (2014)	Economic evaluation of Indian tourism industry	To find out the impact of tourism industry on various economic aspects of Indian economy and to understand the present status and scenario of Indian tourism industry.	India	The data has-been taken from various documents such as books newsletters reports magazines journals newspaper internet as well as existing literature	Indian tourism industry emerged as an important instrument in the economic development of Indian economy due to its strong backward and forward linkages it generates employment in different profiles
Malik, M.M.(2014)	A review of tourism developmen t in India	In developing country like India Tourism has become	India	The research is based on the analysis of relevant	The Indian tourism sector needs an urgent image

		one of the major sectors of economy contributing to a large proportion to the national income in generating huge employment opportunities		reports of Tourism Development Corporation newspapers plans previous studies and other documentation together discussion with tourism authorities and also field visits	makeover and higher investment in development growth and infrastructure including through public private partnership model to capitalize on opportunities provided by overall growth in world tourist arrivals
Ohlan,R.(2017)	The relationship between tourism financial developmen t and economic growth in India	The study investigate relationship between tourism and economic growth in India by the relative importance of financial development over the period of 1960 -2014	India	The data used in the study are annual figures for the period stretching from 1960 to 2014 consisting of one endogenous variable (GDP per capita a proxy for economic growth) and two exogenous variables (International tourism receipts per capita and financial development)	The tourism sector is witnessing a shortage of talent in India therefore to achieve the desired growth in this sector the country needs to execute policies that advance enthusiastic and prudent talent management particularly in human capital development
Berwal,R. (2017)	Role of tourism in economic developmen t of	The basic objectives of the paper is to examine the factors	Rajasthan, India	The qualitative study has been done where primary data will be	Tourism can generate employment opportunities for the local

	Rajasthan with special reference to Shekhawati circuit	which are responsible for the development of tourism in the study reason and to analyse the role of infrastructural facilities in the development of Heritage tourism		collected via questionnaire telephonic interview and personal interview annual reports of Rajasthan Tourism and government reports on Rajasthan Tourism	people and plays a vital role in the economic development of the studied region
T.,V. (2014)	Impact of tourism in Indian economy	This paper emphasized on the opportunities in tourism industry realise the prospects of tourism industry to identify the challenges involved in the sector and to aware about different form of tourism industry	India	This paper is prepared with the support of secondary sources like magazines newspapers reports dissertations thesis and the like	Tourism sector plays a vital role in the way of helping poor countries to provide employment opportunities in an increasing rate it is one of the important foreign exchange earning industry it has manifested great potential of growth under liberalised Indian economy
Choudhary,S., Yadav,S.B.(2018)	Role of tourism in economic developmen t of Rajasthan	This paper is an effort to understand the perspective of tourism in economic development of Rajasthan and identify the factors influencing	Rajasthan, India	The information in the study is collected from secondary sources that are from various online sources websites articles reports books related	Tourism is a triadic composition of social natural and the culture phenomena which is emerging as the world's largest employment generating industry the

		the growth of tourism		to tourism in India	total number of foreign tourist arrivals in the state has increased it showed an increasing trend except few years during the study period
O.,S. (2016)	Economic impact of tourism in India	To measure the economic impact of tourism in India	India	Input output method ,economic impact assessment scale tourism satellite accounts method impact of visitor spending method etc are used in this paper.	Indian tourism has a vast potential for generating employment and foreign exchange earnings it is a multidimension al and service oriented industry so all sector should actively participate for its sustainable growth
Mir,A.H. (2014)	Impact of tourism industry on economic developmen t of Jammu and Kashmir	To find out the impact of tourism in the economic development of employment income infrastructure development and regional development of J and K.	J&K, India	The data is mainly collected from secondary sources from the reports of WTO , WTTC Ministry of Tourism etc.	Owing to the growth of tourism industry in J and K economic parameters like employment income infrastructure and competition will improve relating to the entry of new products in the market and thus resulting in better services and more satisfaction to

					the people
Jaswal,S.S. (2014)	Role of tourism industry in India's developmen t	The paper describes the contribution of tourism to the generation of national income expansion of employment opportunities rising of tax revenue generation of foreign exchange and transformatio n of regional economy.	India	The present study is based on the secondary data published by various Agencies like UNWTO Ministry of Tourism Ministry of statistics and programme implementatio n etc	All Wings of Central and state government non public sector and voluntary organisation should go hand in hand with commercial Enterprises for providing positive stimulus to the country's overall economic and social development by tourism
Kuang,T. , Tsai,Y. (2016)	The effect of tourism growth on economic growth : A quantile regression analysis	To demonstrate that whether tourism growth will affect economic growth depends on the conditional distribution of economic growth	Taiwan	The real GDP data is obtained from the financial database of Taiwan economic journal and the tourist arrivals were taken from the annual reports on tourism from 1965 to 2005 published by Taiwan tourism bureau	The study concluded in favour of allocating more resources to the tourist sector with the aim of obtaining increasing levels of income
Bashir, A. (2018)	The role of tourism towards economic growth in the local	The study implies that government policy has an important role in increasing	Indonesia	In this study the secondary data is used which was published by The Central	There is a one way relationship between the number of tourist and economic

	economy	the tourism sector development which is indicated the contribution of this sector on economic growth		Bureau of statistics of South Sumatra province	growth while investment has a two way relationship to economic growth
Petrevska, B. (2013)	Tourism contribution to economic developmen t in Macedonia	The objective of this paper is to make an assessment of direct tourism impacts over economic development in Macedonia	Macedonia	The paper is based on different types of analysis mostly based on available sources of secondary data	The study emphasized tourism contributes toMacedonian economy and might be classified as important industry principally when compared to the average figures of tourism trends in other European region

- All the papers are related to Indian except three in which one belongs to Macedonia ,one to Taiwan and another oneto Indonesia these papers are considered for their good content and research methodology .

Research Gap :

- Though there have been several studies at the international and national level covering tourism development and its impact on the economy but not much attention has been paid to tourism development and its impact on the economy of Rajasthan.

- Furthermore, most of the published materials available are either descriptive or repetitive.

- A large number of thestudy carried out in the field of tourism development and its impact on the economy of Rajasthan is of general nature.

- Several important aspects of tourism development like foreign exchange earnings, employment generation, infrastructure development, local industriesetc from the view point of those engaged in tourism sector from the tourism developed areas, have not been examined or evaluated so far.

- Generally the studies based on secondary data, no input of primary data is taken in most of the studies.

Relevance of the study:

The cultural rich state of Rajasthan is very much popular for a wide range of tourism events like the elephant riding , camel riding, bird sanctuaries, festivals and fairs, forts, luxury trains, folk dance and music, art and craft that contributes nearly to 11% of total foreigntourist arrivals in India and around 80% of the places are having natural beauty which attracts national and internationaltourists. The total number of foreign tourists visiting Rajasthan in 2008 was 1477546 which amounted to 27.53% of the total number of foreign tourists visiting India according to Progress Report 2007-08,TourismDepartment Rajasthan.Tourism accounts for approximately 15% of the Rajasthan's economy and provides economic benefits like foreign exchange earnings regional development infrastructure development and promotion of local handicrafts in Rajasthan Tourism accounts for 2. 7 % (5. 2% after adding indirect effects) in gross state domestic product and 1. 9%(7. 2% after adding indirect effects) in state employment. Tourism has a significant multiplier effect on the state economy it increases employment opportunities generating revenue developing infrastructure increasing investment opportunities and revival of traditions and heritage conservation and management.

In Rajasthan Tourism is the third largest employer after agriculture and textile sector. Some new sorts of tourism is growing in Rajasthan MICE market is one of the exciting and the fast growing segments and Rajasthan, being one of the favourite tourism destinations for this.Big conferences and functions like the Jaipur Literature Festival, Stonemart - an international exhibition of dimensional stones, Vastra - an international textile and apparel

exhibition and various big doctors' conferences are the good examples. Alongwith this Rajasthan is tremendously popular in destination weddings which is also a new avenue of tourism.

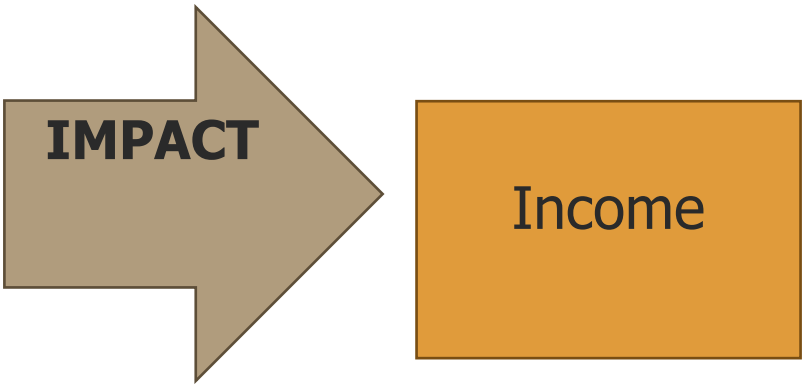
MODEL OF THE STUDY:

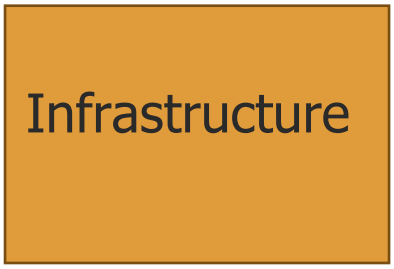
TOURISM DEVELOPMENT

ITS IMPACT ON:

- **EMPLOYMENT**
- **INCOME**
- **INFRASTRUCTURE**
- **LOCAL INDUSTRIES**

MODEL OF THE STUDY:





Theoretical Framework

INDEPENDENT VARIABLES **DEPENDENT VARIABLE**

EMPLOYMENT

INCOME TOURISM

INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT

LOCAL INDUSTRY

The study would be based on four main variables that forms based for the study and the interconnection is required to be found in order to arrive at the results of the study and thesepillars are:

Independent Variable : Employment, Income, Infrastructure and Local industry

- **Income :** Tourism being a labour intensive service industry can create direct as well as indirect income from tourist expenditure by providing tourist goods and services.
- **Employment :** As tourism is a labour intensive service industry there is direct as well as indirect employment created by the enhancement of tourism it generates a wide range of employment from the less skilled to highlyskilled jobs.
- **Infrastructure :** Due to tourism development certain areas get better infrastructural facilities like roads airports telecommunications sanitary facilities water supply etc. The state and private entrepreneurs invest huge amount in better infrastructure facilities.
- **Local Industry :** Development of tourism holds quite high potential for small scale and cottage industries Rajasthan textile industry ,handicraft industry ,blue pottery ,wooden items , marble items, paintings of Rajasthani culture , jewellery are world famous and they tend to higher development due to tourism.

Dependent Variable : Tourism Development

Scope of the study :

There are certain areas which are very much popular from the tourism point of view. Development of tourism inthesareas has a wide variety of impact on the economy of that locality and the overall economy of the state .The impact of the development of tourism is directly felt by those people who are directly or indirectly involved in tourism business .Therefore the universe of the present study is limited to impact of tourism on income, employment, infrastructure and local Industry of Jaipur, Jodhpur ,Udaipur and Jaisalmer of Rajasthan. This study would be exploratoryand empiricalin nature and the first of its kind in Rajasthan . Therefore the study will be conducted mainly to explore the positive economic impacts of tourism in the tourism developed areas. The focus of the proposed is study to establish relationship between tourism development and its impact on Rajasthan's economic development by taking four main factors of economic development that is **Income, Employment, Infrastructure and Local Industries** of Rajasthan. The study would be based on**primary**

and**secondary sources** which would be collected from owners and employees of business connected with tourism in four above-mentioned districts (Jaipur, Jodhpur,Udaipur, Jaisalmer) of Rajasthan and journals, reports, official sites, RTDC publications,Ministry of Tourism publications, magazines, newspapers, dissertations, thesis and various unpublished articles etc. respectively

Rides, Animal Safaris, cultural sites, Deserts architectural wonders, and unforgettablehospitality Make Rajasthan A Specially Rated Tourism Destination.

Research objectives:

- To analyze the tourism development and its impact on economic development of Rajasthan.
- To explain the economic development variables related to tourism.
- To develop the relationship between economic development with different sets of independent variable select for study that are income, employment ,infrastructure and local industries.
- To establish correlation between different economic variables selected for the study.

Hypotheses of the study:

H01: There is no significant impact on the economy of Rajasthan because of the development of tourism.

H02 : There are no significant variation regarding the independent variable that is income employment infrastructure local industries selected for the study.

H03 : There is no significant correlation between the independent variables selected for the study and economic development of Rajasthan.

Research Methodology:

Research Design:

The proposed study will be based on the following Research Design:

Exploratory Design: A detailed survey of literature had been undertaken and will also be referred in future.

Descriptive : The study would be based on various graphs, charts and diagrams.

Empirical : The study would analyse the available data by various statistical tools.

Data Collection: Data can be collected from primary and secondary sources.

Primary Sources : In primary data, researchers collect data themselves using different methods such as surveys, interviews and direct observations.

Secondary Sources : Secondary data may be a product of other research, or may have been collected by some individuals. Secondary data is not tightly controlled by the researcher.

The proposed study is based on**primarydata** of four important tourist districts of Rajasthan i.e. **Jaipur, Jodhpur, Udaipur and Jaisalmer** and**secondarydata** which would be collected from books, periodicals, research articles, seminar reports, newspaper, study report of expert committees,publications plan documents , public dissertations, various official reports, RTDC publications, Ministry of Tourism reports and publications, unpublished relevant articles etc.

Universe of the study

Jaipur

Jodhpur

Udaipur

Jaisalmer

Sample Details

Currently approximately 7% of Rajasthan's population is employed from tourism.

Name of district	Working population	Persons involved in tourism (7%) approx.	Sample sizedistributed proportionately in the proportion of working population in tourism
Jaipur	2464893	172543	169
Jodhpur	1489741	104282	102
Udaipur	1365783	95605	93
Jaisalmer	288903	20223	20
Total		**392653**	**384**

Sample size for working population in tourism = 384 calculated by Krejcie and Morgan Formula

Application of sampling formula :

Krejcie Morgan Formula:

SS = x2 * NP(1-P)/e2 (N-1) + x2 P (1-P)

Where SS = Sample size

X2 = 3.841 at 95% confidence level with degree of freedom of 1

e = Margin of error which is 0.05

P= Population proportion which is 0.5

N = Population

Tools and techniques:

The study would be exploratory in nature and would be basedon secondary sources of data:

- **For Descriptive statistics :** Arithmetic mean , Standard deviation and Graphical representation
- **To find out the relationship:** Multiple correlation and Multiple Regression

- **SPSS 22 and AMOS Software** will be used for analyze the data

Proposed Scheme of Chapterization

Chapter	Topic	Page No.
	List of Tables	
	List of Figures	
	List of Abbreviations	
1	**Introduction**	
1.1	Concept of tourism development	
1.2	Significance of tourism development	
1.3	Need and Importance of the study	
1.4	Motivators of tourism	
1.5	Tourism : Demand and Supply	
1.6	Impacts of tourism	
1.7	Tourism Development in Rajasthan	
1.8	Organization of tourism in Rajasthan	

2	**Review of literature**	
2.1	Review related to tourism development	
2.2	Review related to tourism development and economic development	
2.3	Review related to Tourism in Rajasthan	
	Review related to tourism development and economicdevelopment in Rajasthan	
3	**Research Methodology**	
3.1	Research Objectives	
3.2	Research Gap	
3.3	Need and Significance of the study	
3.4	Objectives of the study	
3.5	Hypothesis	
3.6	Scope of the study	
3.7	Tools	
3.8	Processing of data	
4	**Data Analysis and Interpretation**	
5	**Conclusion**	
	Conclusion and Findings	
	Suggestions	
	Scope for further Research	

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